The Semi-Weekly Louisianian

"REPUBLICAN AT ALL TIMES, AND UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES."

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PROPRIETORS.

HON. P. B. S. PINCHBACK, ORLEANS,
" C. C. ANTOINE, CADDO,
" GEO. Y. KELSO, RAPIDES.

Wm. G. BROWN,---Editor.

P. B. S. PINCHBACK, Manager.

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PROSPECTUS OF The Louisianian.

In the endeavor to establish another Republican journal in New Orleans, the proprietors of the LOUISIANIAN, propose to fill a necessity which has been long, and sometimes painfully—felt to exist. In the transition state of our people, in their struggling efforts to attain that position in the Body Politic, which we conceive to be their due, it is regarded that much information, guidance, encouragement, counsel and reproof have been lost, in consequence of the lack of a medium, through which these deficiencies might be supplied. We shall strive to make the LOUISIANIAN a *desideratum* in these respects.

POLICY.

As our motto indicates, the LOUISIANIANS hall be *"Republican at all times and under all circumstances"* We shall advocate the security and enjoyment of broad civil liberty, the absolute equality of all men before the law, and an impartial distribution of honor and patronage to all who merit them.

Desirous of allaying animosities, of obliterating the memory of the bitter past, of promoting harmony and union among all classes and between all interests, we shall advocate the removal of all political disabilities, foster kindness and forbearance, where malignity and resentment reigned, and seek for fairness and justice where wrong and oppression prevailed. Thus united in our aims and objects, we shall conserve our best interests, elevate our noble State, to an enviable position among her sister States, by the development of her illimitable resources and secure the full benefits of the mighty changes in the history and condition of the people and the country.

Believing that there can be no true liberty without the supremacy of law, we shall urge a strict and undiscriminating administration of justice.

TAXATION.

We shall support the doctrine of an equitable division of taxation among all classes a faithful collection of the revenues, economy in the expenditures, conformably with the exigencies of the State or country and the discharge of every legitimate obligation.

EDUCATION.

We shall sustain the carrying out of the provisions of the act establishing our common school system, and urge as a paramount duty the education of our youth, as vitally connected with their own enlight ment, and the security and stability of a Republican Government.

FINAL.

By a generous, manly, independent, and judicious conduct, we shall strive to rescue our paper, from an ephemeral, and temporary existence, and establish it upon a basis, that if we cannot "command," we shall at all vents "deserve" success

BANKS,

THE FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY

Chartered by the United States Government, March, 1865.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

D. L. EATON.....Actuary.

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C. D. STURTEVANT, Cashier.

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POETRY.

FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

BY MRS. F. E. W. HARPER.

Beneath the burden of our joy
Tremble, Oh! wives, from East to West,
Fashion with words your tongues of fire
To tell the Nation's high behest.

Outstrip the winds and leave behind
The murmur of the restless waves,
No tarry with your glorious news
Amid the ocean's coral waves.

Ring out, ring out your sweetest chimes,
Ye bells that call to prayer and praise,
Let every heart with gladnes thrill,
And songs of joyful triumph raise.

Shake off the dust, oh rising race;
Crowned as a brother and a man,
Justice to-day asserts her claim,
And from thy brow fades out the ban.

With freedom's chrism upon thy head,
Her precious ensign in thy hand,
Go place thy once despised name
Amid the noblest of the land.

Oh, ransomed race, give God the praise,
Who led thee through a crimson sea,
And 'mid the storm of fire and blood
Turned out the war cloud's light to thee.

JACKSON, Miss., 1871.

CHOICE SELECTIONS.

AN UNBROKEN REPUBLICAN FRONT.

The fact is, says the Washington Republican, that the National Republican party is stronger to-day in every State of the Union than it was in 1868, when it chose Gen. Grant to be its standard-bearer, and the reasons for this increased strength and energy and vitality are to be found in the vigor and ability and patriotism with which his administration has been conducted. It is solely and entirely owing to the broad and comprehensive policy to which he has adhered that this result is due. The Republican party has, under his leadership, marched to triumph greater than it was dreamed of winning. He has not given us a hot and angry personal government, but a government based on what he believed to be the wishes of the people and the pressing demands and necessities of the country. When he took the oath of office, two years ago, the public service was corrupted and debauched. Seventy or eighty millions of dollars were annually stolen by dishonest officials. To-day it is purer than it has been at any period of our history.

A mountain of debt threatened to crush the nation; the faithful financial agents of the President have mastered that debt, and made its reduction so rapid, that even now we begin to count the years which shall witness the payment of the last dollar. The never-ending Indian wars threatened us and an Indian policy was found, the enforcement of which has saved millions of money during the last two years. The Alabama question was a crimson cloud on the foreign horizon, full of all manner of possibilities, but it has been turned into the sunshine of a lasting and an honorable peace.

And for the reason that all this and much more has been done, the Republican party is stronger to-day, than it was when it held its last national convention, and will be still stronger in 1872, when it will again meet in council. There are factions and dissatisfied cliques within its party lines, who make a terrible uproar, and predict disaster and defeat; but they are like the howlers in the wood, who make a tremendous noise, and, when the bush is beaten, instead of a great multitude, prove to be only an insignificant half dozen.

LAWS RELATING TO NEWSPAPERS.

We have been asked to give the law, as it stands, relating to newspapers and subscribers:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered wishing to continue their subscription.

2 If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their bill, and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facia* evidence of intentional fraud.

6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.

FUN AND FANCY.

RAPPED UP.—Physcians are proverbially absent-minded, and the reason is obvious—they are often rapped up in their profession.

—What is the difference between half a glass of water and a broken engagement? The one is not *filled full*, and the other is not *fulfilled*.

—A Philadelphia editor struck his shears into his eyes, the other day, while selecting copy. The paper was forced to publish some original matter.

—A little boy, upon whom his mother was inflicting personal chastisement, said: "Give me two or three licks more, mother; I don't think I can behave well yet."

SCIENCE GOSSIP.—Speaking of edible birds'-nests, it was the remark of an acute and far-seeing naturalist, that the swallow makes them, and the Chinese swallow them.

—A brick fell from a scaffold, yesterday, on the head of a passing negro. "Fling dem ere peanut-shells anoder way up dere, won't yer?" was the darkeys advice, as he scratched his wool.

—A female lecture said: "Get married, young men, and be quick about it. Don't wait for the millennium, for the girls to become angels. You'd look well beside an angel, wouldn't you, you blockheads?"

—An old Scotch lady was told that her minister used notes. She disbelieved it. Said one, "Go into the gallery and see." She did so, and saw the written sermon. After the luckless preacher had concluded his reading on the last page, he said, "But I will not enlarge." The old lady cried out from her lofty position, "Ye canna, ye canna, for your paper's give oot!"

—A gentleman who has lived for many years in sight of the ocean, says it is an undeniable fact that the vicinity of the C makes a hilly location chilly.

—I do not say that religion should end when mystery begins; but I do not say that dogmatism should end when mystery begins.

—A citizen of Connecticut, being unexpectedly called upon to address a Sunday-school, rose to his feet in some confusion, and after several desperate but vain efforts to say something appropriate, hoarsely murmured, "Dear children, never fool with powder."

—I never could bear children, "said a crusty old maid to Mrs. Partington. "Perhaps if you could, you would like them better," mildly replied the old lady.

A merchant, not over conversant with geography, on hearing that one of his vessels was in jeopardy, exclaimed: "Jeopardy, Jeopardy, where's that? At any rate, I'm glad the ship's got into any port."

Cathedral Perquisites.—Verger: "Marm, I makes no demand. The authorities only allow me four shillings a year and a pair of boots. *In course* the giving me anything is entirely *hoptional*, but I hopes as how," etc.,

—An exchange says there is no danger of there ever being a large supply of female type-setters in the market. As soon as a girl becomes a proficient and valuable compositor, some male printer marries her, and that puts an end to her work in the printing-office.

WANT OF TACT.—Remarking to a fat man, "May your shadow never be less!" Saying to a friend, whose nasal organ is not conspicuous for beauty, that something is as plain as the nose on his face. Asking a deaf man, whether he hears good accounts of his son.

—The boy whose mother had promised him a present, was saying his prayers preparatory to going to bed, but his mind running on a horse, began as follows: "Our Father, who art in heaven—ma, won't you give me a horse—Thy kingdom come—with a string in it!"

—A youngster, while perusing a chapter in Genesis, turning to his mother, inquired if the people in those days used to do sums on the ground. It was discovered that he had been reading the passage, "And the sons of men multiplied upon the face of the earth."

LAWS OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

(PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.)

No. 79.

An Act

Entitled an act to authorize the Governor of the State of Louisiana to grant leave of absence to State and parish officers.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the Governor of the State of Louisiana be and he is hereby authorized to grant leave of absence to State and parish officers, not to exceed ninety days at any one time, at his discretion.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That said act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor and Presiden, of the Senate.

Approved March 30, 1871.

[Signed] H. C. WARMOTH. Governor of the State of Louisiana,

A true copy:

GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.

No. 80.

An Act

Authorizing Lastie Vincent to build a draw-bridge on the Bayou Vermillion.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That Lastie Vincent, of the parish of Lafayette, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to build a draw-bridge across the Bayou Vermillion, at or near the place called Sebastapool, in the parish of Vermillion, provided the same be so constructed as to leave for the purpose of navigation an opening of forty feet, and that said party be entitled for the lapse of five years to levy toll for the use of said bridge on such terms and conditions as may be from time to time regulated and fixed by the Police Jury of the parish of Lafayette.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That all laws, in conflict with this act are hereby repealed, to the extent that the same come in confiict.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved March 30, 1871.

[Signed] H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:

GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.

No. 81.

An Act.

For the relief of R. P. Bruton, State Tax Collector for the parish of Union.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That the State Treasurer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to refund to R. P. Bruton, State Tax Collector for the parish of Union, the sum of fifteen hundred and fifty-three dollars and thirty-eight cents ($1253 38), amount overpaid by said Bruton on the one per cent special tax of 1868, and that the Auditor is hereby directed to draw his warrant in favor of the said R. P. Bruton, and that the said amount be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved March 30, 1871.

(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:

GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.

No. 82.

An Act

Creating an additional Justice Court for the parish of Orleans.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That in addition to the six justice courts already existing within the parish of Orleans, there shall be one created for the Sixth District of the parish of Orleans and city of New Orleans, which court shall be designated and numbered the Seventh [7] Justice Court for the parish of Orleans.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That upon the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint a justice of the peace and one constable for said justice court, and said appointees shall be qualified electors of said district, and shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the other six justices in said parish, and whose duties and emoluments shall be the same as are now or may be deigned by the constitution and laws of this State.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That at the next ensuing general election and every two years thereafter there shall be elected by qualified voters residing within the Sixth District of the parish of Orleans and city of New Orleans, one justice of the peace and one constable, who shall hold their office for the term of two years, and who shall be qualified electors of the district.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That all laws or parts of laws contrary to the provisions of this, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

[Signed] GEO. W. CARTER, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[Signed] OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved March 30, 1871.

[Signed] H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:

GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.

No. 83.

An act

To amend an act entitled "An Act to organize, arm and equip a uniform militia," approved April 5, 1870.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the term of service of all officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates in the Lousiana State Militia shall be five years; that the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the State of Louisiana shall, during their term of service, be exempt from jury duty, and shall during their term of service, be exempt from taxes in the sum of five hundred dollars of their real or personal estate; and that all officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates who shall voluntarily serve in the militia of the State of Louisiana for the period of five years, who shall receive an honorable discharge from the Governor of the State, shall be permanently exempt from jury duty in the State of Louisiana.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That whenever the militia shall be called into active service by the Governor, the officers and troops shall receive the same pay and allowances, as provided in the act passed April 15, 1870, which pay shall be ascertained by monthly muster and pay rolls for each company, to be made in the form and manner prescribed by similar rolls in the United States army. Said rolls shall be subscribed and sworn to by the company and regimental commanders, verified and approved by the brigade and division commanders, and approved by the Governor. The Auditor of Public Accounts shall issue his warrant for the gross amount of each muster and pay roll, thus approved, to the Paymaster General upon the Treasurer of the State, which shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the expenses of the militia of the State. The Paymaster General shall account monthly to the Treasurer of the State for all sums so received and disbursed, exhibiting the proper vouchers and receipts for all disbursements, and his accounts shall be examined by the Finance Committee of the Senate, and shall at all times be opened to their inspection and critical examination.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That the Commander-in-Chief, and the Major General, commanding the First Division, are authorized to designate the number and grade of the officers of their respective staffs; and the same to be appointed and commissioned, as now provided by law.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That all acts and parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, and that this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Signed, GEO. W. CARTER, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Signed, OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved March 3, 1871.

Signed, H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:

GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.

No. 88.

An Act

To establish an institution for the deaf and dumb at Baton Rouge, to provide for the organization and government thereof, to provide for the appointment of a board of trustees, and to provide temporary quarters for the Louisiana State University.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in general assembly convened, That the institution heretofore known as the Louisiana Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, located at Baton Rouge in this State, be and the same is hereby re-organized by the provisions of this act for the exclusive benefit of the deaf and dumb.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That all the deaf and dumb residents of this State, of sound mind and proper health of body, and between the ages of eight and twenty-five, shall be admitted to said institution as pupils, and be provide with instruction, board. lodging, medicine and medical attendance, at the expense of the institution, and all those in such indigent circumstances, as shall appear by the certificate of any member of the police jury of the parish or the mayor of the city where they reside, to render such aid necessary, shall also be furnished with clothing and traveling expenses to and from the institution.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That the institution shall afford all requisite facilities for providing a good literary education, and a mechanical department in which instuction shall be given in such trades as may be best suited to render the pupils self-sustaining citizens.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That the general control of said institution shall be vested in a board of trustees, to be composed of the Governor of the State, who shall be ex-office president of the board, the superintendend of the institution, and five members, to be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Said board is hereby declared to be a body politic and corporate in deed and in law, and shall have full power to sue and be sued, to make contracts, and to acquire and hold, by purchase or donation, any real or personal estate as may be necessary for the uses of said institution. The domicile of said corporation is established at Baton Rouge, and

(CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.)

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Squares	1 mo	2 mos	3 mos	6 mos	1 yr
One	$4	$7	$9	$12	$20
Two	7	9	12	20	35
Three	9	12	20	35	50
Four	15	25	35	50	70
Five	20	35	45	60	85
Six	24	42	50	70	100
1 Column.	45	80	120	175	250

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OUR AGENTS.

MISSISSIPPI :— Daniel E. Young, Greenville.

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA :—James A. D. Green, Washington City.

ILLINOIS :—Lewis B. White, Chicago.

KENTUCKY:—Dr. R. A. Green, Louisville.

OUR CHOICE FOR PRESIDENT, 1872.

U. S.- GRANT.

SUNDAY JULY 23 1871.

MR. GEO. E. PARIS is our special agent, and is authorized to solicit subscriptions and receive payment of bills.

GRATIFYING.—Amid the numerous embarrassments, discouragements and even failures which environ our editorial pathway, we are frequently not only rescued from despondency, but encouraged and inspited in our labors, by the candid, intelligent and spontaneous approval of our efforts tobe useful "in our day and generation,"

This is what comes to us from a prominent source in St Louis—"As an American Citizen and a friend to progress, I feel a pride in acknowledging my high appreciation of the important step you have taken toward the advancement of civilization and of human rights, and I am sure that your paper is destined to do much good, not only to those who have been so recently emancipated from a condition of barbarism, but also to those who love the dissemination of truth and right, through the medium of the Press. I wish you all the success that your noble mission deserves."

The *State Journal*, of July 19, pays the manager of our paper the following compliment:

"SENATOR PINCHBACK.—We feel proud of the gentleman whose name heads this article. We honor him for the noble sentiments uttered by him upon the floor of the Press Convention, for his bold advocacy of the Republican party. Instead of being a partisan or a man or clique, Senator Pinchback is one among the many honest Republicans that can see defeat if this strife of faction is continued; he is not the man to bow the knee for favor, he will do what he considers right under all circumstances, and he is a power in the State."

THE UNION REPUBLICAN PARTY of California, met in Convention in Sacramento recently and among the resolutions passed, the following with reference to education shows, that our Republican brethren in that section of the Country are up to the mark in their estimate of the value of education. COMPULSORY EDUCATION. That the safety and perpetuity of republican institutions depend mainly upon popular education and intelligence. We therefore approve and recommend a common school system that shall not only extend its benefits to all, but which shall be compulsory upon all, and we are inflexibly opposed to any application of the public school moneys with any reference to distinctions in religions creeds.

MARRIAGE.—On thursday evening last Mr. William Murrell led to the matrimonial altar Miss Louisiana Jones. The Ceremony was performed in the Bethel Church, on Roman street by Rev. Mr. Thomas, in the presence of an immense concourse of friends who had assembled to see the affair go off. After the marriage the invited friends proceeded to the residence of the brides parents in Algiers, where ample prevision for entertainment had been made. The friends all entered into the congenial amusements and seemed oblivious of aught but mirth, till reminded by the chiming of the "small hours," when they seperated, wishing all joy and peace and prosperity to the newly wedded pair.

A CONTRAST.

The grand rallying cry of the opponents of Republicanism in this State is "oppressive taxation." By this shibboleth they hope to rally under one banner the remnant of Confederate patriots, Democrats of all "departures," sore-head Republicans, and the rag-tag and bob-tail of all political creeds now classed among the "outs," and opposing the State Administration. Opposition journals continuously ring the changes upon Radical corruption as manifested through the medium of the tax rolls; and in fact would be left without any effective text for their dolorous sermons could they not thus play upon the sensitive pocket-nerve of the public.

But the people begin to see through the "little game" that aspiring politicians are trying to palm off upon them. They recognize the fact that patriotic impulse is less the inspiring motive than an inordinate hankering after the "loaves and fishes" of official station. The eloquent speeches of Gov. Warmoth, and other Republican orators, delivered throughout the State in the campaign of last year, proved beyond dispute that a major portion of the debt to pay the interest on which the taxes complained of are levied—was created by the Democracy, and especially by that distinguished body of old citizens composing the Legislature of 1865-'66. The masses are not so blind, but they discover that no useful or practical results followed the creation of this bulk of the general burden; while railroads and other vast and important improvements are ever-present monuments to the wisdom of the policy which increased our taxation under the present Republican rule. They are not so dull, either, but they discern the stultification of our enemies, who dare not deny the vast benefits resulting from these great enterprises, while they denounce the means by which they were secured. Comparative results of Democratic vs. Republican rule will be the test which our Radical Administration and its foes must undergo when the suffragans of Louisiana next assemble in judgment at the ballot-box—and we have nothing to fear!

We frankly admit, at the same time that we thus fully endorse the general policy of our party and the results thereof, that there are many minor matters which require improvement. Individual corruption, exceptional misfeasance in office and neglect of public trusts—things done which ought not to have been done, others left undone which ought to have been done—are chargeable against every political party that ever existed as well as ours. The remedy for this, however, lies within the party; and the Republicans of Louisiana will vigorously apply that remedy, at the first opportunity by cutting out the unworthy, root and branch. Of this we have already gratifying assurance. Therefore when the noisy demagogues and discord-mongers who have recently arisen from a former defeat, are again groveling in the dust, the future of our party will shine gloriously indeed.

While on the subject of taxation a trifling comparison with the condition of our neighbors may give rise to some sober second thoughts and suggestive reflections. In the Boston *Advertiser*, of July 12, we find the annexed clipping:

The assessor's books for the year 1871 have just been completed, and show the valuation of Gloucester to be $2,982,839, an increase over last year of $212,161. The total amount to be assessed this year is $160,177. The number of polls is 3494, an increase of 390 over last year.

Here it will be seen that a thrifty little fishing town, in the well governed State of Massachusetts, where assessments are based upon the fullest values of property, a tax of upwards of five per cent is levied—a cent and a half on the dollar more than the people of New Orleans pay, where assessments are notoriously under actual values. And yet the Glouceserians are happy!

The Colfax Guards had a numerous and enthusiastic gathering at National Hall on last Wednesday night. Messrs. Pinchback and J. Sella Martin made effective speaches counselling harmony and unity, instead of strife and dissension. The following significant resolution was introduced by Hon. W. B. Barrett and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That any speaker whose address tends to promote division among us, instead of uniting us in solid opposition to the encroachments of Democracy, is an enemy to the party at large, and subjects himself to grave suspicion of his party faith, and in every case where attempts at "sorehead" division are made, the speaker will not be allowed to address us hereafter.

COMPARISONS ARE ODIOUS.

It is becoming a fashion among some Republicans to arraign other Republicans as lacking in devotion to the interests of colored people.

These complaints, made mainly by white men, show that those who make them concede the important claims which colored people have upon our party, and yet a comparison as to the *number* of colored men employed respectively by the State Administration, and by those opposed to it, gives a splendid exhibit in favor of Gov. Warmoth. When it comes to the *importance* of the positions conferred there is scarcely any room for comparison, inasmuch as the Customhouse, Post-Office and United States Marshal's office all combined do not furnish an instance of but one colored man who reaches the salary of even $150 per month and he though he is a State Senator, is kept in the position of under storekeeper, while white men of less influence are either put over his head or fed with a greater quantity of "pap."

There are many worthy colored men in the Customhouse, men *who* not only deserve their positions as good Republicans, but who from their social positions, their political influence and official standing deserve *better* pay and greater recognition than they have received yet at the hands of these watchers over negro advancement.

We are told that the contrast in Gov. Warmoth's favor has been produced by his aspiration for a re-nomination for Governor. Now until we can analyse a man's conscience, we refuse to speculate about his motives. His motives may be good or they may be bad, but as journalists our business is with facts. What has been done, is the question our readers ask, and it is our duty to answer them; and we say this has been done:

1st. Whenever the Governor is in town he consults with colored men both as to what he and they with other advisers may consider the best interests of the State.

2nd. He does not perch himself upon the Rocky Mountains and plume his feathers as the original American eagle, and scream to smaller birds not to approach nearer to him than the valley of the Mississippi. Gov. Warmoth sends for the man he thinks can help him, and goes to them if they can not come.

Whether he understands human nature better than his opponents, whether he has more political sagacity or whether he does the things *con amore* is no affair of ours. The simple fact is he does them, and we express ourselves better satisfied with these facts, than with a state of things which has not called a colored man to one first class position in any Federal Department. We do not blame the National Administration for this state of things, though were they to know of it, they would doubtless be profited by the knowledge, but we say that in view of this state of things, those who are drawing comparisons against colored men had *better* remember the aphorism that "comparisons are odious."

NEW PAPER.—Another reinforcement to the ranks of Republican Journals in the State has just appeared in the field. The *Iberville News* published in the town of Plaquemine, Iberville parish, made its first appearance July 11. It is owned by C. E. Hatstead and edited by himself and G. B. Loud Esq.

The first article announces that "in politics we shall maintain in all their integrity, the principles of the Republican Party, claiming and conceding the broadest latitude of difference of opinion, we shall treat with respectful deference all those who shall hold opposing views. And while we shall have no expressed opinion upon the controversies of opposing creeds—committing ourselves to this line of policy—we regard onrselves "*independent in everything, and neutral in nothing.*" And while we take the broad platform of the Republican Party for our guide, and bend the knee to no man or set of men, holding devotion to party above man-worship, we unhesitatingly declare Henry C. Warmoth, our first choice for next Governor of Louisiana, and that soldier-statesman, U. S. Grant our first choice for next President of the United States.

SERENADE.—The compliment paid the Editor and the Manager of the LOUISIANIAN by that band of Serenaders on Friday night is hereby acknowledged. They discoursed sweet music to us.

COMING TO THE RESCUE

We are delighted to observe the indications that *the rank & file* of the Republican party of Louisiana, are awakening to the lamentably disastrous consequences which threaten to overtake us, if prominent men, leaders in our party are permitted to continue their wrangling and contentions.

The principles and the doctrines of Republicanism are not yet so well grafted in the popular mind of this State, that we can be regardless of the results of party dissension, or that we can care nothing as to the class of men who may in the near future obtain control of the affairs of the State, and to a vast extent influence the position and the destiny of our race. The Republican idea and interpretation of "Equal Rights before the law" finds, and only can find under existing circumstances, response and sympathy in the minds of men "likeminded as ourselves." These are the men, and these alone, that we are compelled by every consideration to sustain and support. Democracy, nor anything looking towards it, or that incidentally promotes its interests, can have "no part nor lot with us." It is equally clear that no bolting, no merely disorganizing confederation can find favor or toleration with us. Our situation is still too critical to admit of division or coquetting or speculation. We must stand compact and firm to our principles, and we must stand equally steadfast to the men of our party who represent, and who elucidate and carry out those principles.

We are therefore glad to see that indications are developing themselves "here and there" already, of an earnest desire for, and a determination to insist on, the cessation of the present hostility and dissensions in the midst of our party. We cannot afford to be divided in the field, in the face of an organized, powerful, relentless and unscrupulous political antagonist. The sole source of our strength is in our "UNION" and "all our weakness is in discord." And we here chime in with the behests of THE PEOPLE and counsel the cultivation of a better feeling.

Our "old time" foes fully comprehending the truth of this are everywhere applauding strife, and gloating over the prospect of success it will afford them; to slide into power between the breach, *when it gets wide enough.* This must not be. The grand achievements of the past, the realities of the present, and the glorious hopes for the future must not be buried in the ignoble grave of a suicide. We call on the wisdom, the patriotism, and the devotion of our leaders to appreciate the wishes of the masses, to comprehend our danger, to sympathize in our fears, and to save us as well from the necessity of casting about for new leaders, as from becoming the victims in a strife as dangerous as it is unnecessary.

ANOTHER CHAMPION.

A new Republican orator has made his *debut*, and one of unusual promise. At the meeting of the Crescent City Republican Club, on Wednesday evening, Mr. Lionel Adams, son of Col. Lucien Adams, was called to the rostrum, and in eloquent and forcible terms defended Gov. Warmoth and the Republican administration of Louisiana. We regret not having space for the speech entire—a synopsis would be unfair to the orator.

We make room, however, for one paragraph. After comparing the present prosperous condition of Louisiana with the distress and ruin which seemed almost universal when the Republican party assumed the reins of Government, and ascribing a due meed of praise for the happy change to the Chief Executive, the speaker said:

Such has been the conduct of Gov. Warmoth from the commencement of his administration until the present time; such has been the irreproachable character of a policy we have supported and defended in the past. And, if it has been so moderate and so propitious; if it has been accompanied by noble daring, heroic valor and philanthropic self-sacrifice; if it has restored Louisiana to her former position among the States of the Union, let us gather around him who has transformed our condition from gloom and distress to brightness and prosperity; let us thank him for his labors in the past; let us extend to him our sanction, our encouragement and our support in the days to come.

Mr. Lionel Adams is a graduate of the High School of this city, and studied rhetoric and oratory under John F. Deane, Esq., who has just reason for pride in his pupil. He is at present preparing for admission to the bar, and we predict for him a brilliant career.

The young gentlemen received a unanimous vote of thanks from the meeting.

A "QUESTION OF INFORMATION."

If the amenities, or the obligations of any sort of journalism, demanded that an editor should be ready to answers the impertinent queries of every gossip who lives and thrives on the utterances of "Rumor," we might be induced for once to submit to the code, and inform the *Guard* on the subject on which it pants so much for enlightenment. But it does not, and the questioner must stand on *his Guard*, while we in turn rise and ask him if he knows the writer of that manuscript that was *sold* out of the office of the *Citizens' Guard*, and *who* sold it? Tell us THIS, and we will tell you THAT.

THE NEW DEPARTURE AN OLD DODGE.

There are continual indications of the unholy purposes of the "new departure" wing of the democratic party. Their pretended acceptance of the situation which would have remained their master, even in case of winning, as thoroughly as it is now, is but a bungling way of making a virtue of necessity.

The fact is that the Democracy puts a far higher estimate upon its effort to divide Republicanism, that it does upon this new plan to unite Democrats. The logic of events has overthrown every theory, and disproved every argument of the Buchanan Democracy, and the exigencies of national unity and prosperity forbid their revival. The leading ideas of the party and the leading men are compliments of each other.

In what may be called the old wing, anti-reconstruction is the idea and Hoffman is its prophet, in the so called new wing, the mantle of Vallandigham will doubtless fall upon George H. Pendleton with the acceptance of Republican revelation as the orthodox faith of what may be styled the latter-day democracy. But both men and ideas are untrustworthy. It has been proved by the past dealings of the Democracy in the cases of political converts that such persons ought to be kept a long time on probation.

Any party runs a great risk when for any cause, it attempts to adopt the principles of its opponent, but perhaps, it runs even a greater risk, when under any considerations whatever a victorius party shares power with its defeated opponents. The Republicans can no more receive these new departure men, and trust them with the positions their talents would command than an orthodox minister could trust his pulpit to a newly converted infidel.

We trust that Republicans will be wary, not only in their own utterances but in listening to those of others when they tend towards this purposed unholy alliance. The honest Democrats have no idea of making a departure, the dishonest ones will only pretend to do so, for the purpose of dividing the Republican ranks, and consolidating their own.

If we are to win in the next election we will do it in but one way—by holding on to our tried principles and our own true men. If we are to lose a many, colored banner and a heterogenious army, will add shame to the disaster of defeat and dishonor to mortification.

☞ The "ultimatum" of the *Citizens' Guard* is before us. We aver that we do *not know* whether the Editor of the paper is as able as he lauds himself to be, but the question of ability to edit a paper and of ability (or power) to control the tone of it, are two very different things. We do know one thing and that is that the *Guard* interpreter is admirable in perverting any statement. Like "the Editor" we are willing to quit the disagreeable theme, but if he thinks that we are playing any game of "bluff," let him renew and persist in the course we have in the name of the colored people of the Republican Party of Louisiana protested against, and we will *show* who "will be found equal to the emergency."

SONS OF HAM.—An organization has been formed in Arkansas called "The Sons of Ham." The weekly *Republican* speaks of it as possesing a "meritorious character, that its aims are purely benevolent, and that sectarian or political purposes have nothing to do with it. Henry H. Powers and James W. Jackson are leading men in this association

DEATH of Senator S. S. Fish. We regret to chronicle the demise of Hon Stephen S. Fish, State Senator, at his fathers residence in New York on July 8. We Copy the following notice from the *Republican's*, extract from the *Palmyra Courier*.

Mr. Fish for a number of years had been a resident of New Orleans, and at the time of his death was a member of the State Senate of Louisiana. During the bitter political feeling of 1866 between the adherents of Governor Wells and the reconstruction convention, he was a member of that convention, and an ardent supporter of the Union cause.

The spirit of rebellion that had for a time been kept in abeyance by military rule, gathered strength by the acts of President Johnson, and culminated in the terrible raid on the Free State Convention on the night of July 30, and the massacre that followed.

In that wild night, when a revengeful and infuriated mob howled around the building where this band of freemen had assembled, Stephen S. Fish was wounded by a pistol ball that lodged in or near his lungs, and was the subsequent cause of his death.

He came to Marion in October last, was married to Miss Josephine G. Eddy, and returned to New Orleans. In March, his health began to fail rapidly, and he came home to die amid the vernal bloom of his childhood's home, beside the blue waters of Ontario. He was accompanied by his wife and brother, Carlton B. Fish, arriving about three weeks prior to his death. His funeral took place at the Baptist church, at Williamson, on Monday. A large concourse of citizens were present to pay the last sad tribute of respect to the noble dead.

OUR CORRESPONDENCE.

LETTER FROM A LOUISIANA COLORED LADY.

WHAT SHE THINKS OF THE TIMES—GOOD FEELING FOR THE SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS, CONWAY AND STODDARD—HOW GOV. WARMOTH IS REGARDED BY THE COLORED PEOPLE—THE COLORED PEOPLE NOT PRUDENT ENOUGH—THEY OUGHT TO OWN LAND—SUCCESS TO THE "LOUISIANIAN."

THIBODAUX, LAFOURCHE PARISH, LA., July 18th, 1871.

Editor Louisianian:

MR. EDITOR—Your excellent journal comes to this place regularly, and is always more welcome than any other, on account of its outspoken sentiments for the rights of a long down-trodden class, many of whom even now, after living six years in the blaze of freedom, are unable to appreciate their situations and realize that the government gives them perfect equality in the eyes of the law.

But the ball rolls on. The intellect is daily becoming awakened, and as a body, we are marching toward the higher plane of civilization. It is true we are poor as yet, but we are gaining the upper hand of poverty by our industry, and as we advance in education, we become more economical, and this is what we need, especially, a better knowledge how to practice economy.

Our educational interests are well looked after by Hon. E. S. Stoddard and we enjoy what many other parishes lack; viz, good schools and teachers who are fully competent to teach school. As a consequence, our people are feeling very thankful to both Messrs Stoddard and Conway, and wish them a happy and successful future.

The Democrats and bolters of last year have all come out heavily against Governor Warmoth. The singular coincidence of our old-time rebels locking arms with the pretended Republicans has had the effect of making our people suspicious of them both: for we are too lately out of the swamp to forget that what "old master" says always happens just to the contrary, and that when "old master" is down on any one, that the one who is so bad in his eyes is pretty sure to be one of our friends.

For this reason we have cause to look upon Governor Warmoth as our friend, and the more Democrats abuse him, the more certain we feel that he will be the successful leader of the Republican party in 1872; and we hope to see Governor Warmoth and all staunch Republicans, standing together as champions for equal rights, and justice to all. I think sometimes if our people would only learn prudence, and practice it, that we should get rich faster than any other body of people in the Republic. But, as you observed in that well written article on extravagance, we spend money too fast for dress and trifles. We ought to buy land, and own homes, instead of renting and paying rent.

The colored people here own many "lots" in town, but they have not as yet commenced to buy their own farms. The most of the planters being unwilling to sell any land to our people for fear of something to be said by the caste of ancient prejudice, and who have never been willing to acknowledge our equality except after dark.

When the time comes that we own and work our own fields, this feeling against *shade* will be fairly wiped out by the feelings of interest, and we can not believe that the time is far distant.

In concluding my long letter let me assure you of the LOUISIANIAN, of our entire appreciation of your efforts in our behalf, and we hope your issue before the next campaign will reach 10,000: for if ever any race needed their faults exposed and advice given it is ours, and nothing comes so near what we need as the LOUISIANIAN. We say to you go on in your work—see to it that our people are educated and when you need the magic ballot in the next election, you may depend upon Lafourche Parish to be a unit for the straight out-Republican Party, led by Governor Warmoth.

Very truly yours,
MATTIE.

OH! OH!! OH!!!

Do the Republicans of this State want a new sensation? If so, there is one appended, and if it does not knock them off their centre of gravity, their equilibrium may be set down as perfect:

MARKSVILLE, Avoyelles Parish, July 16th, 1871.

DEAR LOUISIANIAN:

The Republicans of Avoyelles have held their election for delegates to the State Convention in New Orleans next August, and as we all expected, we elected Hon. L. J. Souer and Charles F. Huesman, Esq. You will learn these facts from the credentials which I suppose will be printed in the city, and that is not what I want to write about therefore. I want to inform the Republican party of a low, mean dodge which was tried on us.

The Sheriff of this parish and his deputies want to have everything their own way, and because they can't get it, are trying to get up a "bolt" from the regular party organization. They have been showing around, to cause a split, a letter signed with the name of S. B. Packard, and saying it is in behalf of the State Central Committee. It says the Tammany Hall Democrats have sent secret agents through this State to break up our party, and that Mr. Souer is one of them. *It is an infamous lie!* Every Republican in Avoyelles knows that Mr. Souer is as good a Republican as any man in the State Central Committee, and they trust him, too, which is a good deal more than they do of some who set themselves up for our leaders.

Decent Republicans in Avoyelles, Mr. Editor, know who are dissentionists, and we will give them no quarter. Please print this to let our people in other parishes find out the trick.

Yours Truly,
AVOYELLES.

BILOXI, JULY 19th 1871.

DEAR LOUISIANIAN:

I can sympathize witn your "can't get aways" who are pended up in the city amid the heat and dust, attendant on city life during summer, because I "know how it is" myself. For after living in Mobile for awhile battling against the many prejudices that a colored man has to, let him come to Biloxi where everything is free and convenient; where you can make yourself at your ease, go when and where you please, where everybody seems as one family and of one mind. We bathe at all hours of the day; we fish in an open boat upon the briny waters of every high tide, commencing before sunrise until 8 o'clock A. M., catching yours own breakfast in the shape of croakers, silver and speckled trout, pompanoes and various other fish; occasionally hooking a cat, which we spurn and return to the waters from whence it came. In the meantime the ladies of our party (without whom there could be no durable pleasure) are on the wharf catching crabs which are abundant here. I would have liked much to send you a dozen or two; but believing you to be so much engaged in your double duty as editor and politician, that you would not be able to enjoy them, we made away with them as best we could. Oysters at forty-cents a hundred fresh from the lake, and salty oh! it makes my mouth water to write about it. We also have a variety of fruit which are quite cheap as well as good. New Orleans is well represented here. We have the families of Hon. J. H. Ingraham and J. W. Quinn with others of lesser note. Among the latter are your correspondent and family.

I was very much amused while

coming down on the cars two days ago, listening to one of Alabama's best blood; of how he treated his negroes before the war, and what he exacted of all negroes at present, they having to address him as "master," etc.; and if any one of them dared to put themselves on equality with him, that he would treat them to a ride with their feet foremost. He bragged that he was a Ku-Klux, and belonged to a band that intended to make itself felt at the next campaign for they intend annihilating all Carpet-Baggers, and making it too hot for all niggers that did not vote the Democratic ticket. All that I could learn about him was that he was a prominent man in one of the upper counties in Alabama, and his name is Linsey. Believe me as ever

Your well wisher,
EX. WHAMP.

COMMERCIAL.

LOUISIANIAN OFFICE,
Saturday, July 18—11:30 A. M.

COTTON—The market has quieted down, and, in fact, with the exception of one or two parties who are looking around for low Cottons at figures below the views of holders, there is little or no inquiry. We hear of sales of only 50 bales thus far, affording no basis for quotations.

Yesterday's business embraced 2400 bales, and the market closed as follows:

	Average Lists.	Exchange Figures.
Low Ordinary	13 @14	—
Ordinary	14½@15½	14½
Good Ordinary	16½@17	16½
Low Middling	18 @18½	18½
Middling	20 @20½	—
Strict Middling	— @—	—
Good Middling	— @—	—

SUGAR:—

Good Fair, ℔ lb	11½c
Yellow Clarified	—
Fair	10½
Fully fair	12
White	13@ —

MOLASSES:—

Received to-day 1 bbl.

Reboiled, plantation, ℔ gallon	30@ 40c
Reboiled, refinery	30@ 65
Golden Syrup	$1 00

FLOUR:—

The market is very dull, and the sales to-day are confined to 500 bbls.

Superfine	5 00
Double extra	6 00
Treble extra	7 00
Good Extra	6 50
Choice Extra	8 25, and 8 75
Good Treble Extra	6 60

CORN:—

Is in light supply, mod. demand.

Red, Yellow mixed, ℔ bushel	75c
Choice Yellow	71½@ 71
Mixed	—
Yellow	—
White	80
Choice White, in Dundees	79
St. Charles county White	—
Mixed, in poor order	—

OATS:—

In light supply, fair demand.

St. Louis, ℔ bushel	68@ —
Galena	67

BRAN:—

℔ 100 lbs	1 00

HAY:—

Western, ℔ ton	30 00
Choice	32 00

PORK:—

Market is very dull.

Summer-cured Mess	——
Winter-packed Mess	——
Retailing at	$16 25@ 16 50

BACON:—

Breakfast	10@10½c.
Shoulders, ℔ lb	7½
Clear rib sides	9½
Clear sides	9½
Sugar-cured Hams	14 @15

LARD:—

Tierces, ℔ lb	—
Kegs, ℔ lb	11½@11½
DRY SALT MEAT, ℔ lb	6½@7c

COFFEE:—

There is some improvement in the jobbing trade, but nothing doing in round lots. We quote nominally (gold duty paid):

Prime, ℔ lb	15 @15½c
Good	14½@14½
Fair	13½@14

SALT:—

The demand is still very small and prices are unchanged.

Liverpool, coarse, per sack	$1 10@1 15
fine	1 50@1 60

When large lots are taken at warehouse by boats a deduction is made for drayage.

Clark's Island held at 40c. ℔ bushel.

CORN MEAL—Is in light supply and firm at $5 15@5 25 ℔ bbl. on the Levee and $5 37½@5 50 from store.

VEGETABLES:—

Potatoes, ℔ bbl	$3 50
Onions	3 00
Apples	2 50@ 3 00

POLITICAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST WARD REPUBLICAN MORNER CLUB, held a meeting July 19th 1871, 1st Vice President, Mr. J. P. Murphy in the chair.

The following resolution was offered by A. Frilot and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The National and State Administrations have given satisfaction to a large majority of the American people. Be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the First Ward Republican Mother Club hereby endorse the Administrations of U. S. Grant, President of the United States and of H. C. Warmoth, Governor of the State of Louisiana and earnestly recommend the renomination of both gentlemen for the second term in their respective offices. Be it further

Resolved, That this resolution be published in the New Orleans Republican and Louisianian.

THOS. ISABELLE,
President.
A. FRILOT, Rec. Sec'y.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Camp Meeting.—A grand and glorious union Christian Camp Meeting will be inaugurated on the first day of August, at the City Park, under the pastorate and control of the Rev. Anthony Ross, of St. Paul's Church, the Camp Meeting to last seven days. All Christian denominations, with their pastors, are respectfully invited to co-operate in the religious ceremonies. The public at large are respectfully invited. Ample accomodations will be made for strangers from abroad. Pastors in the city and country are requested to read this notice in their respective congregations.

Ample preparations have been made for the preservation of order.

REV. ANTHONY ROSS,
Pastor.
REV. JOSEPH POLLARD,
Purveyor.
JOSEPH A. CRAIG, Secretary.

The Sun.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

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The rooms of this Club are open each day to members and their guests from 7 A. M. to 12 P. M. Lunch will be served daily from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Call for a Southern States Convention.

The following preamble and resolutions were adopted by the State Convention of Georgia, held in Atlanta, Frebruary 3, 1871:

WHEREAS, The peculiar condition of the colored people in the Southern States, growing out of a combination of local cause, does, in the judgment of this Convention, demand a more practical understanding and mutual co-operation, to the end that a more thorough union of effort, action, and orgaiznation may exist; and

Whereas, We believe a convention of the Southern States would most happily supply this exigency and receive the cordial endorsement of the colored citizens of said States; Therefore,

Resolved, That we, the members of the Georgia State Convention now assembled, do authorize the President of this Convention to issue a call, in the name of the said Convention for a Southern States Convention, to be held at such time and place as he, and those with whom he may advise, shall determine best adapted to the public convenience.

The above is a true extract from the minutes of the Georgia State Convention.

J. S. STOKELY,
Secretary of the Convention.

To the Colored Citizens of the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Tennessee, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia:

Having been deputed, in pursuance of the above resolution, as President of the Georgia State Convention, and by the endorsement of the distinguished gentlemen whose names are subjoined, we do hereby call the above named Convention to meet in the city of Columbia, South Carolina, on the 18th day of October, 1871, at twelve o'clock M.

As the Convention did not advise as to what should constitute the ratio of representation, we suggest that the respective States be representatively apportioned the same as they are in the Congress of the United States, to wit, One delegate from each Congressional District, and two from the District of Columbia. The several Congressional Districts will elect their own delegates, which elected delegates may meet and elect two for the State at large, unless the respective States shall otherwise provide by State Conventions.

Those who may be accredited as delegates, should meet the Convention prepared to remain in session one week, if necessary, as questions requiring mature deliberation will doubtless come before it, and should not be disposed of precipitently.

Most Respectfully,
H. M. TURNER,
President Ga. State Convention.
MACON, GA., May 29, 1871.

A few of many gentlemen endorsing the call:

Alabama—Hon. James T. Rapier.

Arkansas—Hon. J. T. White.

Delaware—Howard Day, Esq.

Florida—Hon. Johnathan C. Gibbs, Secretary of State; Hon. Josiah T. Wall, Hon. H. S. Harmon.

Georgia—Hon. J. F. Long, Hon. Edwin Belcher, Hon. T. G. Campbell, Hon. J. M. Simms, J. F. Quarles, Esq.

Kentucky—W. H. Gibson, Esq., G. W. Dupee, Esq.

Louisiana—Hon. P. B. S. Pinckback, Lieutenant Governor O. J. Dunn.

Maryland—Isaac Meyers, Esq., W. M. Perkins, Esq., John H. Butler, Esq.

Mississippi—Hon. James Lynch, Secretary of State; Hon. E. Scarbrough.

North Carolina—Hon. James H. Harris, Hon. George L. Mabson, J. T. Schenck, Esq.

South Carolina—Lieutenant Governor A. J. Ransier, Hon. R. C. DeLarge, Hon. R. H. Cain, Hon. Jos. Rainey, Hon. R. B. Elliott, Hon. F. L. Cardoza, Secretary of State.

Tennessee—Abram Smith, Esq. Alfred E. McKinney, Esq., Henry Harding, Esq., M. R. Johnson, Esq.

Texas—Hon. Richard Nelson, Esq., Hon. J. T. Ruby.

District of Columbia—Hon. Frederick Douglass, Hon. James A. Handy.

TO THE COLORED CITIZENS OF LOUISIANA.

Whereas we favor the Convention contemplated in the above call, and are desirous of having the colored people of our State represented in the same, therefore we issue this call for a State Convention of the colored citizens of Louisiana to meet on the

11TH DAY OF AUGUST NEXT,

in the city of New Orleans, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Southern States Convention. The basis of representation in said convention to be the same as that to the lower House of the General Assembly.

P. B. S. PINCHBACK,
C. C. ANTOINE,
A. E. BARBER,
OSCAR J. DUNN,
J. W. QUINN,
GEORGE Y. KELSO,
EDWARD BUTLER,
F. C. ANTOINE.

*** Republican papers of this State please copy.

POLITICAL NOTICE.

At a meeting of the State Central Committee of the Republican party of the State of Louisiana, held June 27, 1871, the following resolutions were adopted:

First resolution, offered by Mr. Ray:

WHEREAS, According to the requirements of a resolution passed and adopted by the State Convention of the Republican party, on the tenth day of August, 1870, the State Central Executive Committee, appointed by and under the authority of said Convention, is directed to call a State Convention of the Republican party on or before the expiration of their term of service; therefore be it

Resolved, That a convention of the Republican party be and is hereby called to meet in New Orleans on the ninth day of August, 1871.

Resolved, That the basis of representation in said Convention shall be as follows, viz: Every seven hundred Republican voters in each parish, and in each ward of the city of New Orleans, shall be entitled to one delegate, and an additional delegate for every fraction over one-half of seven hundred; and provided, that each parish and ward shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

Resolved, That the presidents of the several parish committees of the Republican party in the State—except in the parish of Orleans, the presidents of the mother ward clubs are, hereby authorized and required to call allections for said delegates to said convention, and to forward to the President of the State Central Executive Committee the proper credentials of the delegates elected, countersigned by the secretaries of their committees and clubs, on or before the time fixed for the sitting of the Convention.

Resolved, That the president of the State Central Executive Committee be and is hereby authorized and directed to ascertain the number of delegates to be elected from each parish and ward from the enthentic vote in the office of the Secretary of State, and issue his proclammation for said election, and have the same published in the Republican papers throughout the State.

2. Resolution introduced by Mr. Lowell—

Whereas, The time of service of the Parish Executive Committee of the parish of Orleans expired by limitation on the fifteenth day of November, 1870; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the seventh day of August, 1871, be designated as the day when elections shall be held in each ward of the city of New Orleans for delegates to the State Convention, called to meet August 9, 1871, polls to be opened and closed at such hours as the Presidents of the mother ward clubs may indicate, at least one week's notice of the same being given.

By order of the committee.

S. B. PACKARD, President,
P. F. HERWIG, Corresponding Sec.

☞ Republican papers of the State will please copy.

APPORTIONMENT OF DELEGATES.

Ascension	2	Assumption	3
Avoyelles	2	E Baton Rouge	3
W Baton Rouge	1	Bienville	1
Bossier	1	Caddo	2
Calcasieu	1	Caldwell	1
Cameron	1	Carroll	2
Catahoula	1	Claiborne	1
Concordia	2	De Soto	1
Feliciana, East	2	Feliciana, West	2
Franklin	1	Grant	1
Iberia	1	Iberville	2
Jackson	1	Jefferson	3
Lafayette	1	Lafourche	2
Livingston	1	Madison	2
Morehouse	1	Natchitoches	3
Ouchita	2	Plaquemine	4
Point Coupee	2	Rapides	3
Richland	1	Sabine	1
St. Bernard	1	St. Charles	2
St. Helena	1	St. James	3
St John Baptist	1	St. Landry	2
Tangipahoa	1	Tensas	2
Terrebonne	2	Union	1
Vermillion	1	Washington	1
Winn	1	Webster	1
Vernon	1	Red River	1
Orleans:			
First Ward	2	Second Ward	2
Third Ward	4	Fourth Ward	1
Fifth Ward	3	Sixth Ward	1
Seventh Ward	2	Eight Ward	1
Ninth Ward	2	Tenth Ward	2
Ele'nth Ward	2	Twel'h Ward	1
Thir'nth Ward	1	Four'nth Ward	1
Fif'nth Ward	3		

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Prof. A. T. Selover,
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SCHEME:

20,000 NUMBERS—TICKETS ONLY $20.

1 prize of	$50,000 is		$50,000
1 prize of	30,000 is		30,000
1 prize of	20,000 is		20,000
1 prize of	10,000 is		10,000
1 prize of	9,000 is		9,000
1 prize of	8,000 is		8,000
1 prize of	7,000 is		7,000
1 prize of	6,000 is		6,000
1 prize of	5,000 is		5,000
1 prize of	4,000 is		4,000
1 prize of	3,000 is		3,000
1 prize of	2,000 is		2,000
1 prize of	1,000		
1 prize of	1,000		
1 prize of	1,000		
1 prizv of	1,000		
1 prize of	1,000		
1 prize of	1,000		
1 prize

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

the vice president of the board shall be the officer upon whom all legal process shall be served to blind said board.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That the first meeting of the board of trustees shall be held at such time and place as may be fixed by the Governor, and they shall, at said meeting, elect a superintendent for the institution, a vice president of the board, a treasurer, and such other officers as may be necessary for the proper organization of the institution.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, etc., That the superintendent shall have charge and management of the institution; he shall reside in the institution, and receive such salary and perform such duties as may be determined by the board.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, etc., That the treasurer shall give bond in such sum as the board of trustees may determine with security to the satisfaction of the vice president. He shall receive from the State Treasurer the appropriation made from time to time by the Legislature for the support of the institution, upon his warrant countersigned by the Governor. He shall pay out the same upon the order of the superintendent of the institution; countersigned by the vice president. He shall receive such salary as may be determined by the board, and both he and the superintendent may be removed by the board for any good cause.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, etc., That the board of trustees shall have power to make all needful rules and regulations for the government of said institution, and three members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In the absence of the president the vice president shall act as president of the board.

Sec. 9. Be it further enacted, etc., That the board of trustees shall have power to procure by lease or purchase a suitable building or buildings, and grounds, for all the necessary purposes of said institution, and, as soon as this may be done, they shall grant the temporary use of the building and grounds now occupied and held by said institution, to the Louisiana State University until said university be otherwise provided for.

Sec. 10. Be it further enacted, etc., That the expenses of the members of the board of trustees, incurred in attending the meetings of the board, shall be paid out of the funds of the institution.

Sec. 11. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage, and that all acts or parts of acts in contravention to any portion of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

[Signed] GEO. W. CARTER, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[Signed] OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved April 15, 1871.

[Signed] H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:

GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.

No. 89.

An Act

Entitled an act to amend an act entitled "an act to amend an act relative to Justices of the Peace for the parish of Jefferson, approved February 9, 1869, and creating an additional court in the First Ward of the parish of Jefferson, and a constable for the same," be amended and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That at the next ensuing general election, and every two years thereafter, there shall be elected by the qualified voters of the parish of Jefferson six (6) justices of the peace, whose jurisdiction, duties and emoluments shall be the same as are now defined or may be defined by the constitution and laws of the State; and the first and eight justice courts, as created by the act above referred to, passed and adopted February 9, 1869, are by this act abolished.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the six justices of the peace for the said parish of Jefferson shall be elected, and their several courts numbered in the following manner, to wit:

One by the qualified voters residing in the parish of Jefferson, within that portion of said parish lying on the left bank of the Mississippi river and between the lower limits of the city of Carrollton and the lower limits of the plantation of Beausejour Boisblanc, in said parish, whose court shall be numbered as the First Justice Court.

One by the qualified voters residing in that portion of the parish of Jefferson lying between the lower limits of the plantation of Beausejour Boisblanc, on the left bank of the Mississippi river, and the upper limits of the town of Kenner, whose court shall be designated and numbered as the Second Justice Court.

One by the qualified voters residing on the right bank of the Mississippi river in that portion of said parish contained between the lower limits of the parish as far up as the canal of the Barataria and Lafourche Canal Company, running from the river, whose court shall be designated and numbered as the Third Justice Court.

One by the qualified voters residing in that portion of the parish lying between the canal of the Barataria and the Lafourche Canal Company as aforesaid, on the right bank of the Mississippi river and the upper limits of said parish, whose court shall be designated and numbered as the Fourth Justice Court.

One by the qualified voters residing in that portion of said parish known as the Barataria District, whose court shall be numbered as the Fifth Justice Court.

One by the qualified voters residing in that portion of said parish known as Chenierre Caminada, Grand Isle and Grand Terre, whose court shall be designated and numbered as the Sixth Justice Court.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That the several justices of the peace of the parish of Jefferson shall continue to exercise the functions of their offices as respectively elected until their successors are qualified.

Sec. 4. Be it furtner enacted, etc., That all laws and parts of laws contrary to the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

(Signed) GEO .W. CARTER, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[Signed] OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved April 15, 1871.

(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:

GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.

NO. 90.

An Act

For the relief of Frederick L. Jewell, of Pointe Coupee.

WHEREAS, Warrant No. 3341, issued by the State Auditor on the State Treasurer, in favor of F. L. Jewell, for the sum of $1500, has been lost or mislaid; and, whereas, the said Jewell made affidavit of the same before the Eighth District Court of the parish of Orleans, preliminary to a mandamus; and, whereas, the judge of said court decided that he had no power to compel the Auditor to issue a duplicate, the issuing of the original, and its non-presentation for payment, fully appearing by the certificate of the State Treasurer of Louisiana—

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That the sum of fifteen hundred (1500) dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, in payment of said sum, and the State Auditor is hereby directed to issue a duplicate warrant on the State Treasurer in favor of F. L. Jewell.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the State Treasurer be and he is hereby directed to cancel and annul the original warrant No. 3341 if ever presented for payment.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER, Speaker of the House of Representatives

[Signed] OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved April 15, 1871.

[Signed] H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

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GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.

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Is ihterchangeable, like a Springfield rifle that is, any part of one Watch is exactly like the same part in another; and if ten Watches of one grade were taken apart, and the screws, wheels, springs, &c., were mixed together, ten watches could be made by putting these parts together again, without any reference to their former combination. This is a

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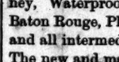

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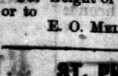

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(In place of steamer Natchez,)

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AN EXPRESS TRAIN leaves the foot of Canal street daily at 8 A. M., via the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad, making close connections at Mobile with the Mobile and Ohio Railroad to all points North, East and West.

For tickets apply to

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J. H. WINGFIELD. General Superintending Agent St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad

NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE AND CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD.

The Mobile division of this road will be opened for business on

Monday, November 21, 1870,

and passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave New Orleans, from the foot of Canal street, for Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, Pascagoula and Mobile at 8 o'clock A. M. Arrivive at Mobile at 2:30 o'clock P. M., connecting at Mobile with the MOBILE AND OHIO, and the MOBILE AND MONTGOMERY RAILROADS for all points

NORTH, EAST AND WEST.

Leave Mobile for New Orleans at 11:20 A. M. Arriving at 6:10 P. M.

Fare Between New Orleans and Mobile, Five Dollars.

THROUGH FREIGHT TRAINS RUN EACH WAY DAILY.

Freight received at New Orleans, at the foot of Julia street before 4:30 P. M., delivered at Mobile early next morning.

FREIGHT AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE.

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